Index: 1.0
Use Case: Introduction
Objective Title: Introduction
Points: 0

Objective Text:

--- Objective Section ----



Welcome

to the Constructing a Secure SD-WAN Architecture Lab

In this Fast Track, you implement SD-WAN via FortiManager to remotely setup IPSEC VPN tunnels between headquarter's datacenter and two branch offices. You then setup SD-WAN on the two branch FortiGate devices at the same time.

Index: 1.0 (a)

Use Case: Introduction **Objective Title:** Topology

Points: 0

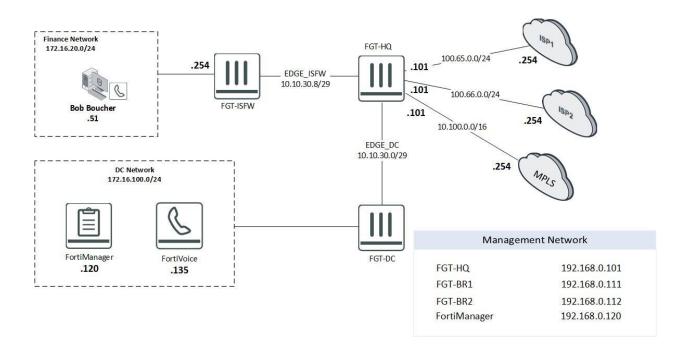
------ Objective Section -----

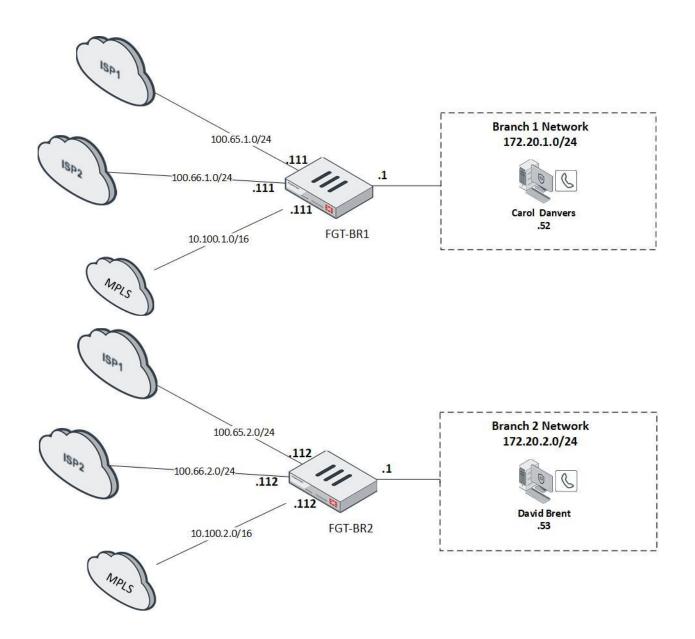
Objective Text:

Network Topology

The lab environment represents a fictional company, AcmeCorp. It has a headquarters (HQ) data center and two branch offices (Branch 1 and Branch 2). Previously, AcmeCorp backhauled all the internet traffic from the branch offices to HQ for processing. Now, due to the use of cloud-based solutions increasing and leased lines becoming more expensive, AcmeCorp is deploying FortiGate devices at the branch offices to allow direct connectivity to the internet, as well as using internet service provider (ISP) links to augment the multiprotocol label switching (MPLS) leased line to HQ.

A FortiManager and a FortiVoice appliance are installed in the HQ Data Center. The Fortifone software is also installed on all of the workstations.





Index: 1.0 (b)

Use Case: Introduction **Objective Title:** Agenda

Points: 0

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

Agenda

	Topic	Time
Lab 1:	Introduction – Topology and Agenda	2 Minutes
Lab 2:	Configuring SD-WAN via FortiManager	30 Minutes

Index: 2.0

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager **Objective Title:** Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Points: 0

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Currently, AcmeCorp backhauls all the internet traffic from the branch offices to HQ for processing. They want to deploy FortiGate devices at the branch offices to allow direct connectivity to the internet. This will not only offload much of the traffic off of the multiprotocol label switching (MPLS) leased line, but the internet service provider (ISP) link will also act as a backup for the MPLS link.

In this exercise, you use FortiManager to remotely configure SD-WAN between the branch offices and HQ. You will also create an SD-WAN zone to control local internet breakout.

Index: 2.0 (a)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Setting up IPsec VPN

Points: 10

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

Setting up IPsec VPN

Background

AcmeCorp is using FortiManager to centrally provision and manage its devices. At the headquarters (HQ) in Sunnyvale, AcmeCorp has a core FortiGate (FGT-HQ). There are currently two FortiGate devices that are operational but not fully configured at branch offices in Ottawa and New York (FGT-BR1 and FGT-BR2). AcmeCorp deployed FortiGate devices at the branches to allow the use of the ISP link to augment their MPLS leased line to HQ.

As it will be using the internet as part of its connections between HQ and the branches, they will be implementing VPNs. As such, AcmeCorp needs to add an IPsec VPN over its internet link to HQ from the Branches. FortiManager allows centralized management of VPNs, which includes configuring the VPNs as well as monitoring the VPNs.

Task

For this objective, we will be working on the FortiManager. From the Lab Activity tab, click **FortiManager** in the side bar lab menu, then select HTTPS to connect to the **FortiManager**.

Log in using the following credentials:

Username: admin Password: Fortinet1!

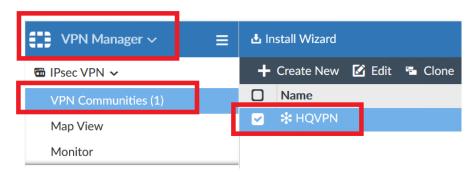
A VPN community (**HQVPN**) is already configured. To view this community on the FortiManager, click **VPN Manager** > **IPsec VPN** and select **HQVPN**.

Your goal for this objective is to add the FortiGate devices (FGT-HQ, FGT-BR1, and FGT-BR2) to the community.

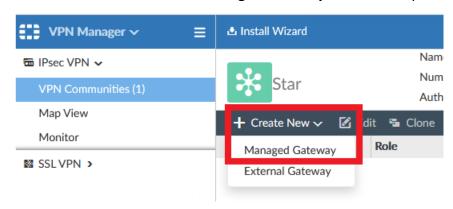
Add Devices to VPN Community

Use the following steps to add devices to the VPN community:

- 1. Click VPN Manager > IPsec VPN.
- 2. In the tree menu on the left, select **VPN Communities**.
- 3. Double click on **HQVPN**.



4. Click Create New and select Managed Gateway from the drop-down menu.



- 4. When the wizard opens, select all for the Protected Subnet and click OK.
- 5. Click Next.



6. For Role, select Hub and for Device, select FGT-HQ.

7. Click Next.



- 8. For **Default VPN Interface**, select **ISP_1** (a dynamic interface that was previously configured).
- 9. Click Next.

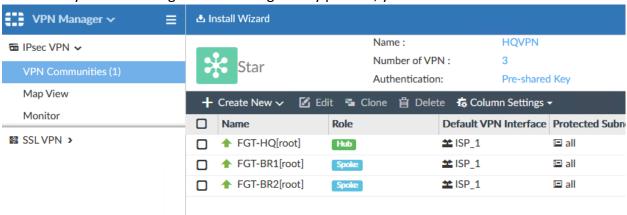


- 10. Leave Local Gateway blank.
- 11. Click Next.
- 12. For Advanced Options, leave the default values and click OK.



13. Create two additional managed gateway policies to add **FGT-BR1** and **FGT-BR2**. Set **Role** to **Spoke** and **Device** to the appropriate branch FortiGate. Use the same settings as the first managed gateway policy for the rest of the configuration.

14. When you have configured all three gateway policies, your screen should look like this:



Index: 2.0 (b)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Installing the Managed Gateway Policies

Points: 10

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

Installing the Managed Gateway Policies

Background

Now that you have the managed gateway policy packages created, you need to install them onto the appropriate FortiGate.

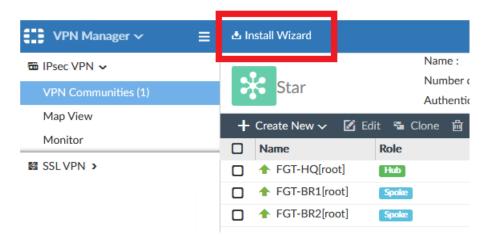
Task:

Your goal for this objective is to install the hub package on **FGT-HQ**, and the spoke packages on **FGT-BR1** and **FGT-BR2**. For all three devices, use the **Install Policy Package & Device Settings** option.

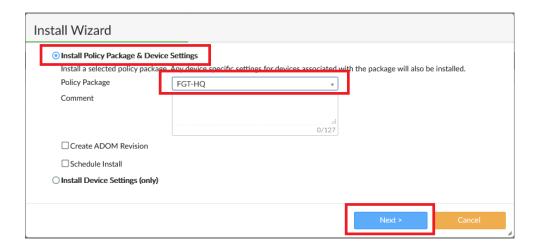
Push Gateway Policies

Use the following steps to install the managed gateway policies:

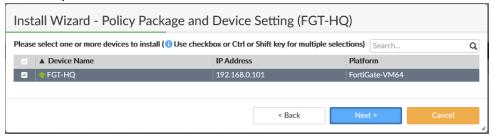
1. Click Install Wizard.



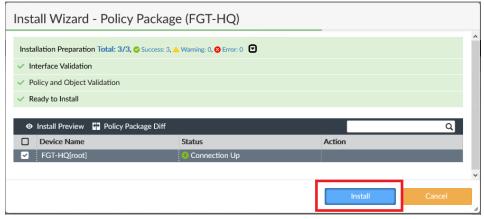
2. Click Install Policy Package & Device Settings and set Policy Package to FG-HQ. Click Next.



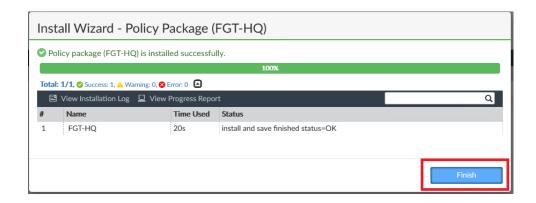
3. Verify that **FGT-HQ** is selected and click **Next**.



4. After Installation Preparation completes, click Install.



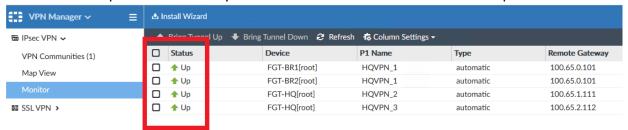
5. After the installation completes, click Finish.



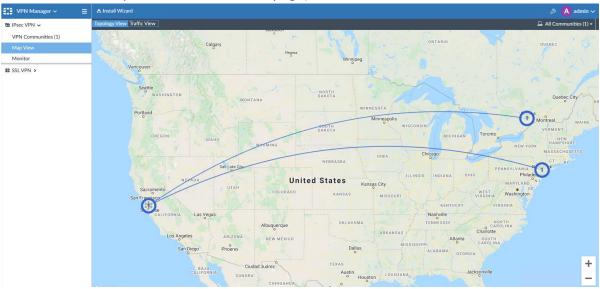
6. Use the installation wizard again to install the FG-Branch policy on FGT-BR1 and FGT-BR2.

Monitor View

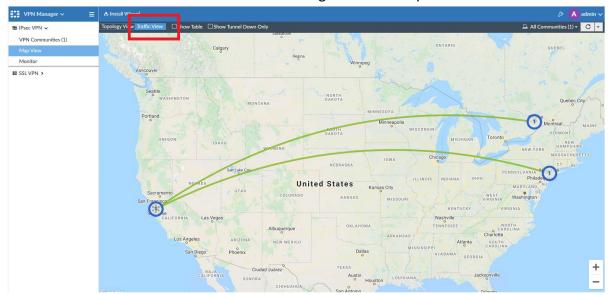
1. Once you have installed the policy, click **VPN Manager > Monitor**. You can see that the tunnels are all up. Note that it may take a moment for the tunnels to come up.



2. Click **Map View** to show the tunnels on a world map (if the map does not appear after about 30 seconds, press F5 to refresh the page).



2.Click **Traffic View** to see network traffic flowing between the protected subnets.



Index: 2.0 (c)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: VPN Tunnel Endpoints

Points: 10

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

VPN Tunnel Endpoints

Background

To complete the IPsec VPN configuration, you need to configure the tunnel endpoint addresses (you can find them in the interface pages from the devices in **Device Manager** > **Device & Groups**).

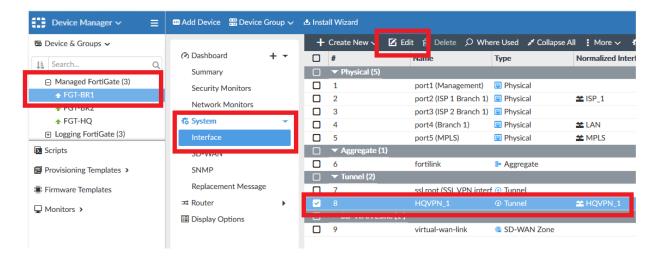
Task

Your goal for this objective is to edit the IPsec tunnel endpoints

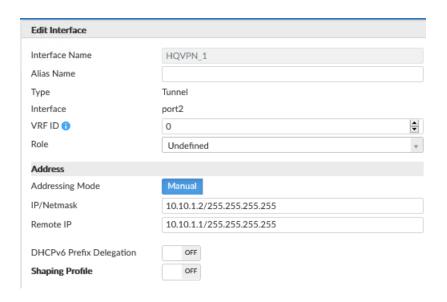
Set Tunnel Endpoints

Use the following steps to set the tunnel endpoint addresses:

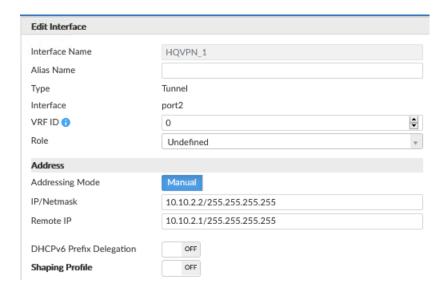
- 1. Click **Device Manager** > **Device & Groups**.
- 2. Under Managed FortiGate in the left hand pane, click FGT-BR1.
- 3. Expand the **System** drop-down menu and select **Interface.**
- 4. Select **HQVPN_1** and click **Edit**.



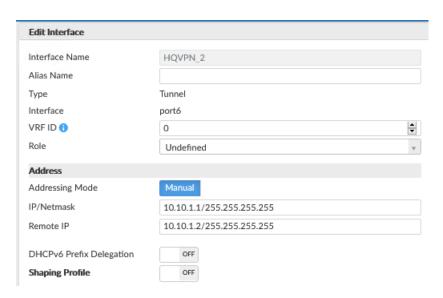
4. In the Address section, set IP/Network to 10.10.1.2/32 and Remote IP to 10.10.1.1/32.



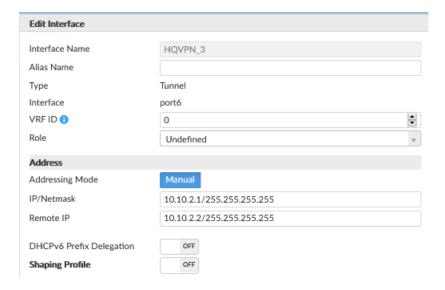
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Under Managed FortiGate, click FGT-BR2.
- 7. Edit HQVPN_1.
- 8. In the Address section, set IP/Network to 10.10.2.2/32 and Remote IP to 10.10.2.1/32.



- 9. Click OK.
- 10. Under Managed FortiGate, click FGT-HQ.
- 11. Edit **HQVPN_2**.
- 12. In the Address section, set IP/Network to 10.10.1.1/32 and Remote IP to 10.10.1.2/32.



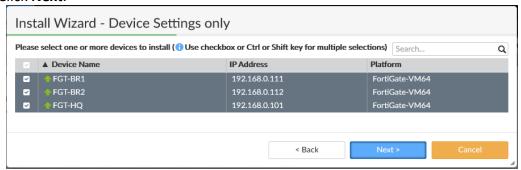
- 13. Click **OK**.
- 14. Edit HQVPN_3.
- 15. In the Address section, set IP/Network to 10.10.2.1/32 and Remote IP to 10.10.2.2/32.



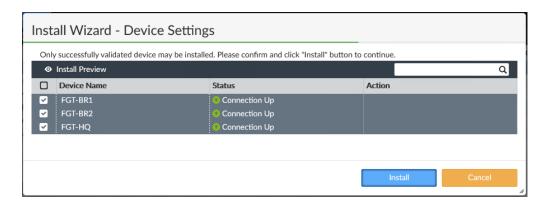
16. Click **OK**.

Push Configurations

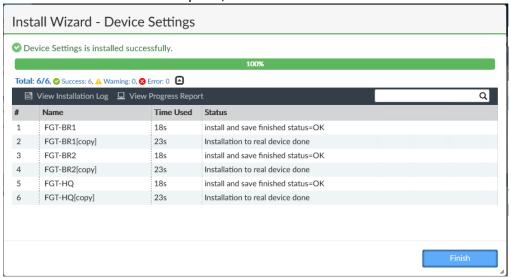
- 1. To push the configuration on to the FortiGate devices, click on Install Wizard.
- 2. Select Install Device Settings (only)
- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Confirm that all three devices are selected
- 5. Click Next.



6. After the Installation Preparation completes, click Install



7. When the installation is complete, click **Finish**.



Index: 2.0 (d)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Creating an SD-WAN Template for FGT-BR1

Points: 10

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

Creating an SD-WAN Template

Background

AcmeCorp wants to use both the MPLS leased line and the IPsec links you previously created to route traffic back to HQ when the branch offices need to utilize corporate resources.

Along with VPNs, you can also centrally manage SD-WAN from FortiManager.

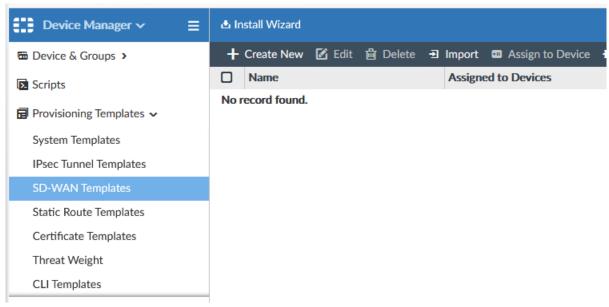
Task

Your goal for this objective is to set up SD-WAN by creating a new SD-WAN template.

SD-WAN Template

Use the following steps to create an SD-WAN template:

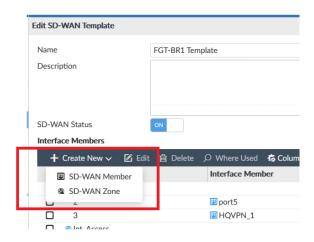
1. Expand the **Provisioning Templates** section.



- 2. Select SD-WAN Templates and click Create New.
- 3. Set Name as FGT-BR1 Template.

Interface Members

1. In the Interface member section, click Create New > SD-WAN Member.

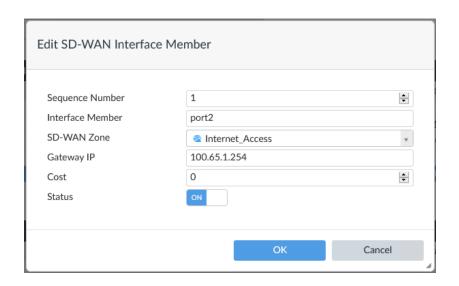


2. Enter the following information:

Interface Member: port2

Gateway IP: 100.65.1.254

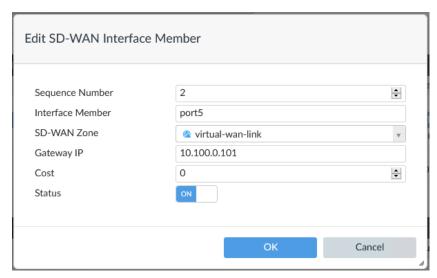
3. Leave the other values at default



- 4. click Create New > SD-WAN Member again.
- 5. Enter the following information:

Interface Member: port5

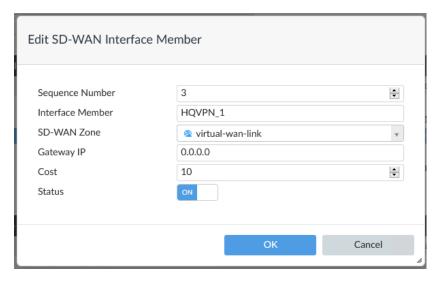
Gateway IP: 10.100.0.101



- 6. click **Create New > SD-WAN Member** one more time.
- 7. Enter the following information:

Interface Member: HQVPN_1

Cost: 10

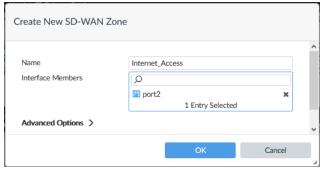


Note: the cost values are used by the SD-WAN rules later.

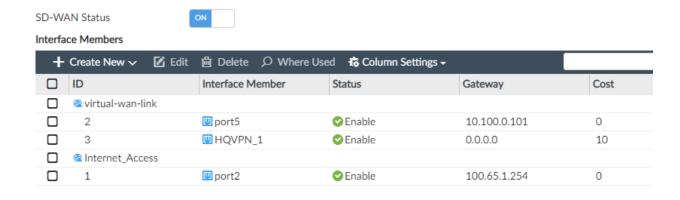
SD-WAN Zone for Internet Breakout

SD-WAN zones are a way of logically grouping the SD-WAN interface members. They can then be used in firewall policies to allow for more granular control.

- 1. Still in the Interface Member section, click Create New > SD-WAN Zone.
- 2. Set Name as Internet Access.
- 3. Select **port2** as the **Interface member.**

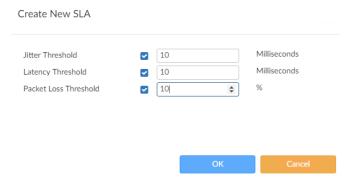


8. Click OK

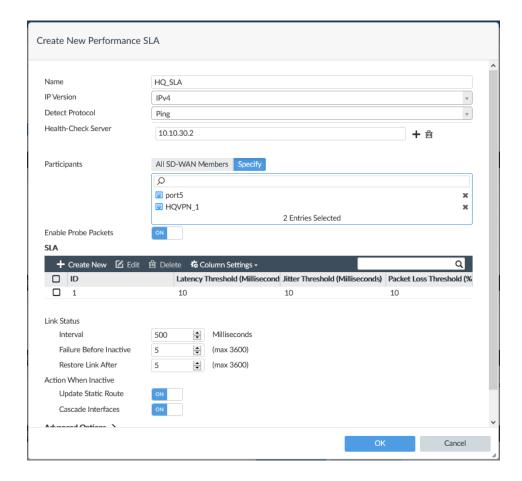


Performance SLA

- 1. In the Performance SLA section, click Create New.
- 2. Set Name to HQ SLA.
- 3. Leave the **Detect Protocol** set to **PING**.
- 4. Click the plus sign to the right of the **HealthCheck-Server** field.
- 5. Enter **10.10.30.2**
- 5. Leave **Participants** set to **Specify**, and add both **port5** and **HQVPN_1** as members.
- 6. In the SLA section, click Create New.
- 7. Enter 10 for each threshold.
- 8. Click **OK** to save the SLA.



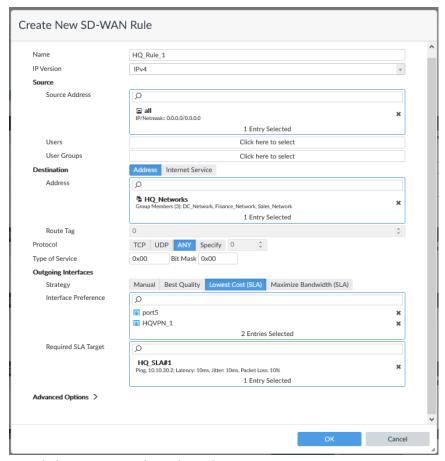
9. Click **OK** again to save all settings.



SD-WAN Rule for HQ Traffic

This rule will guide all traffic intended for the main office (FG-HQ) through the MPLS link, while using the VPN for backup in the event the MPLS link goes down.

- 1. Click Create New in the SD-WAN Rules section.
- 2. Set Name as HQ Rule 1.
- 3. Set Source Address to all.
- 4. Set Destination Address to HQ Networks.
- 5. Set Outgoing Interface Strategy to Lowest Cost (SLA).
- 6. For Interface Preference, select port5 and HQVPN_1.
- 7. Set Required SLA Target to HQ_SLA#1.

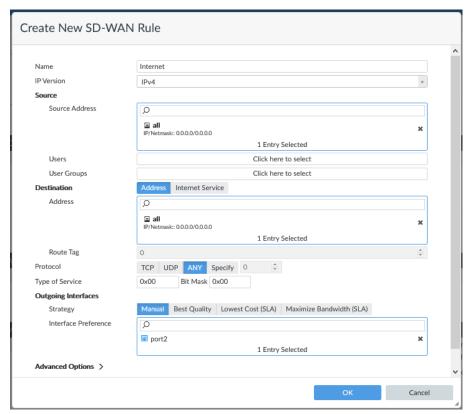


8. Click **OK** to complete the rule.

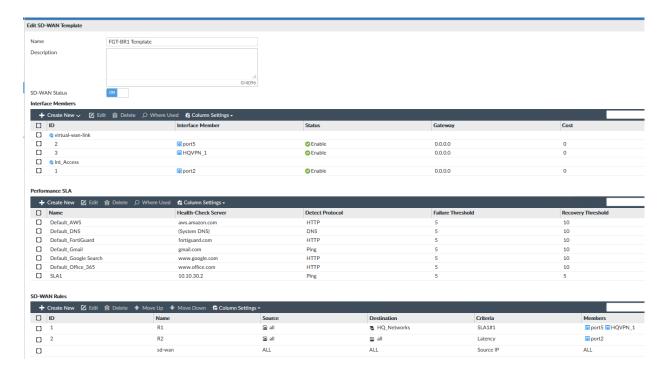
SD-WAN Rule for Internet Traffic

This rule will direct any traffic not intended for HQ to the ISP_1 interface, allowing direct internet access.

- 1. Click Create New again in the SD-WAN Rules section.
- 2. Set Name as Internet.
- Set Source Address and Destination Address to all.
 Note: You can create rules for specific applications or internet services (for example, Microsoft Office 365, Salesforce, Microsoft Teams, Amazon, or Dropbox) but for the
- 4. Set Outgoing Interface Strategy to Manual.
- 5. For Interface Preference, select port2.



- 6. Click OK.
- 7. Click **OK** again to complete the SD-WAN template.



Index: 2.0 (e)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Cloning a Template

Points: 0

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

Cloning a Template

Background

Now that you have a template for the FGT-BR1 device, you can easily create other templates based on this one. In this exercise, you will create a template for FGT-BR2, based on this template.

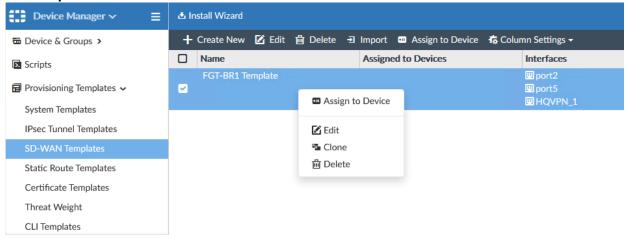
Task

Your goal for this objective is to clone the FGT-BR1 SD-WAN Template for FGT-BR2.

Clone an SD-WAN Template

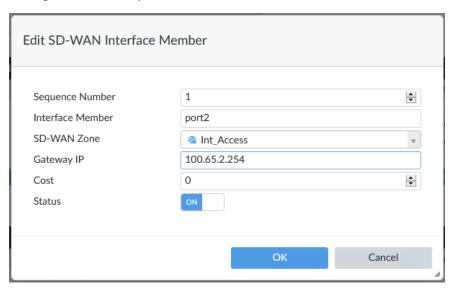
Use the following steps to clone an SD-WAN template:

1. While still at **Provisioning Templates** > **SD-WAN Templates**, right-Click on **FGT-BR1 Template** and select **Clone**..



2. Change the name to **FGT-BR2 Template**.

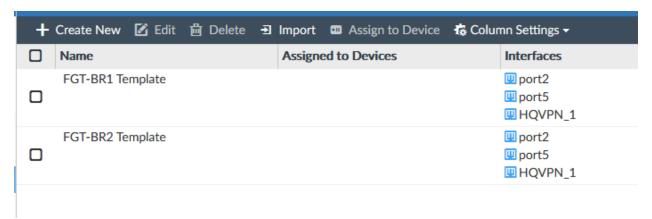
- 3. Select and edit the Interface Member for port2
- 4. Change the Gateway IP address to 100.65.2.254



5. Click OK.

For the purposes of this lab, this is the only change that we will make to this template, but note that we could have made changes to any of the other sections (SLA, Rules, etc).

6. Click **OK** to save the template.



Index: 2.0 (f)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager **Objective Title:** Assign and Install the Template

Points: 10

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

Assign and Install the Template

Background

Now that you have created the SD-WAN templates, you can assign the templates to the branch FortiGate devices and install them.

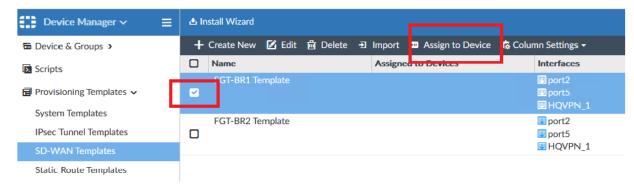
Task

Your goal for this objective is to assign the SD-WAN templates to the branch FortiGate devices and push the install.

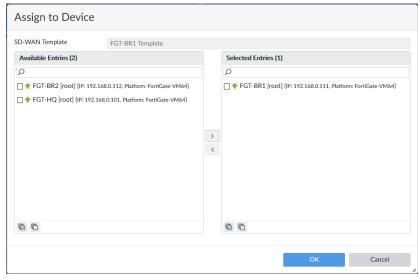
Assign Devices to Template

Use the following steps to assign and install the SD-WAN template:

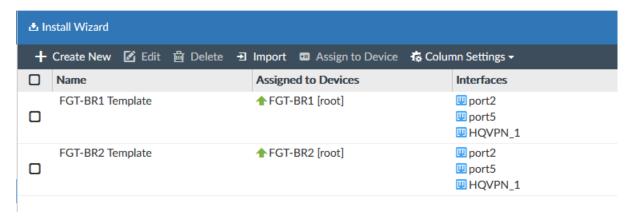
1. Select FGT-BR1 Template and click Assigned Devices.



2. Select **FGT-BR1** and move it to the **Selected Entries** column.



- 3. Click OK.
- 4. Repeat the steps above, and assign FGT-BR2 to the FGT-BR2 Template.



Push the configurations to Devices

- 1. Click Install Wizard.
- 2. Select Install Device Settings (only) and click Next.



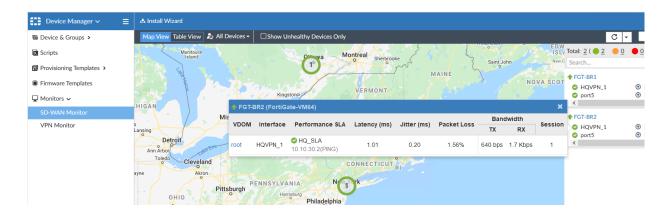
- 3. Confirm that both FGT-BR1 and FGT-BR2 are selected and click Next.
- 4. When prompted, click Install.

5. When the installation is finished, click **Finish**.

Monitor the SD-WAN

- 1. To monitor the SD-WAN, expand Monitors and select **SD-WAN Monitor**.
- 2. Click **Map View** (if the map does not appear after about 30 seconds, press $\mathbb{F}5$ to refresh the page).

This view displays SD-WAN enabled devices on Google Map with color-coded icons. You can view bandwidth usage on the right. If you hover over the green checkmark of an interface, you can view health performance statistics for each SD-WAN link member.



3. Click **Table View**. This view provides information on each SD-WAN link member, such as link status, applications performance, and bandwidth usage.

Index: 2.0 (g)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Edit Default Route

Points: 10

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

Edit Default Route

Background

Now that you have the basic SD-WAN configurations done and installed on the devices, you still need to alter the default route to use the SD-WAN virtual interface on the two branch FortiGate devices.

Tasks

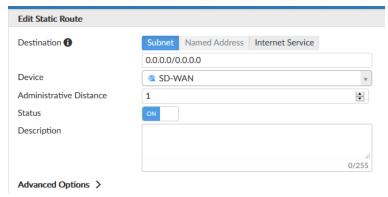
In this exercise, you edit the default route on the branch devices to use the SD-WAN virtual interface as the egress interface.

Edit the Default Route

- 1. Navigate to **Device Manager** > **Devices & Groups.**
- 2. Select **FGT-BR1** from the left hand pane.
- 3. Select **Static routes** from the **Router** drop down menu.



- 4. Select the default route [**Destination**: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0, **Gateway**:10.100.0.101, **port5(MPLS)**] and click **Edit**.
- 5. Change **Device option** to **SD-WAN**.



6. Click OK.

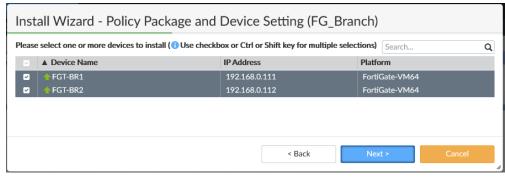
7. Select FGT-BR2 and edit its default route to use SD-WAN.

Push Policies

- 1. Click Install Wizard.
- Click Install Policy Package & Device Settings and set Policy Package to FG-Branch. Click Next.



3. Confirm that both branch devices are selected and click Next.



- 4. After Installation Preparation completes, click Install.
- 5. After the installation completes, click **Finish**.

Index: 2.0 (h)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager **Objective Title:** Examining the Configurations

Points: 0

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

Examining the Configurations

Task

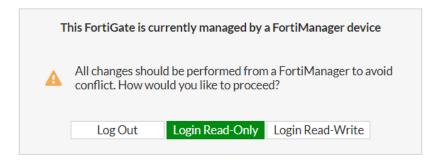
In this objective, you will have a look at the settings that FortiManager pushed out to the FortiGates.

Verify configurations pushed to FGT-BR1

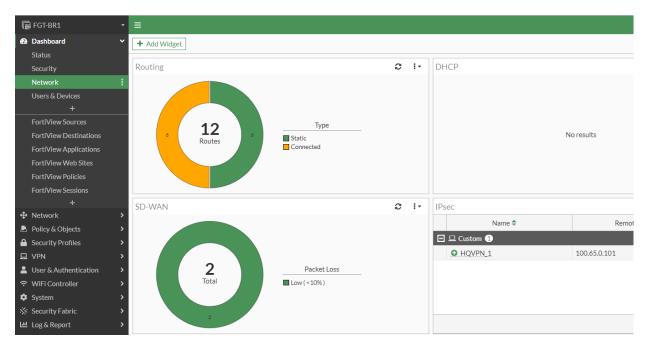
1. Return to Lab Activity tab, click on **FGT-BR1** on the sidebar menu, and select the **HTTPS** option.

Username: admin Password: Fortinet1!

2. You are presented with a warning that this FortiGate is managed by FortiManager. Select **Login Read-Only**.



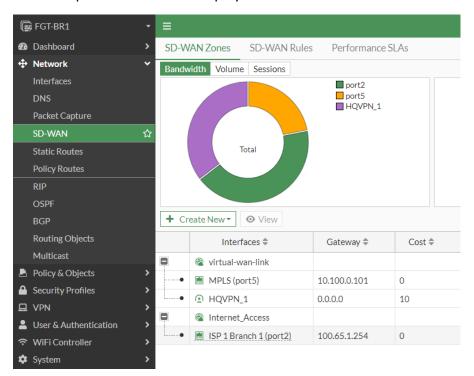
3. Click **Dashboard** > **Network**. Notice that the **IPsec** widget lists the **HQVPN_1** tunnel and there are 10 routes in the **Routing** widget.



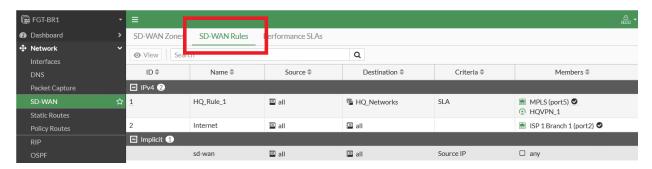
4. Click on the **Routing** widget to inspect the routes.

SD-WAN settings

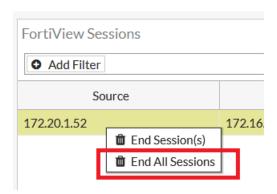
- 1. Click Network > SD-WAN.
- 2. Expand the zones to display the member interfaces.



3. Click the SD-WAN Rules tab



- 4. Review the two rules that you created. The checkmark next to the interface member indicates which interface the rule is currently favoring to pass traffic through. In the above screenshot, any traffic destined to HQ uses the MPLS lines (with HQVPN_1 as backup) and all other traffic flows through the local internet breakout.
- 5. Click Dashboard > FortiView Sessions.
- 6. Right Click on any session, and select End All Sessions



7. Click OK.

Generate traffic

1. Return to the Lab Activity tab and click on **Bob** (in Finance), then select the **RDP** option to access Bob's workstation.



2. Open FortiFone

Likewise, click on Carol (under the Branch 1 section) then select RDP to access her workstation.

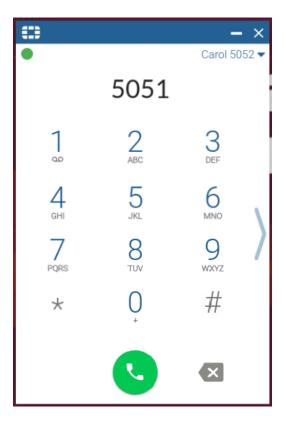


- 4. Open Terminal
- and ping 172.16.100.135.
- 5. After a few pings, press Ctrl C and then ping 8.8.8.8.

```
1
                               carol@ubuntu-desktop: ~
                                                            Q
                                                                =
                                                                          carol@ubuntu-desktop:~$ ping 172.16.100.135
PING 172.16.100.135 (172.16.100.135) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 172.16.100.135: icmp_seq=1 ttl=61 time=2.01 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.100.135: icmp_seq=2 ttl=61 time=1.29 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.100.135: icmp_seq=3 ttl=61 time=1.69 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.100.135: icmp_seq=4 ttl=61 time=1.66 ms
64 bytes from 172.16.100.135: icmp_seq=5 ttl=61 time=1.32 ms
--- 172.16.100.135 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 1.293/1.594/2.010/0.265 ms
carol@ubuntu-desktop:~$ ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=110 time=5.26 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=110 time=4.91 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=110 time=4.88 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=4 ttl=110 time=4.93 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=5 ttl=110 time=5.18 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=6 ttl=110 time=5.03 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=7 ttl=110 time=5.06 ms
--- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
7 packets transmitted, 7 received, 0% packet loss, time 6009ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 4.881/5.035/5.263/0.133 ms
```



- 3. Open FortiFone
- 4. Dial 5051 and click the green phone button.

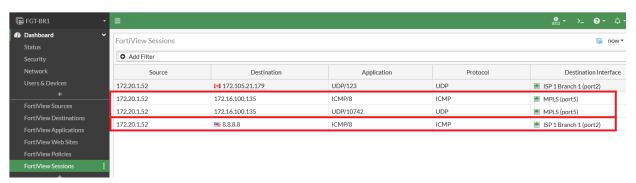


- 5. Return to the browser tab for Bob's workstation.
- 6. Click on the green phone icon to answer the phone.



- 7. Return to **FGT-BR1** and Click **Dashboard** > **FortiView Sessions**.
- 8. Right-click one of the column headings.

- 9. Deselect the following to clean things up:
 - Device
 - Source Port
 - Destination Port
 - Bytes
 - Packets
 - Duration
- 10. Select **Destination Interface** and **Source Interface**.
- 11. Click Apply.
- 12. Notice that the ping (ICMP) to 172.16.100.135 and the softphone (both traffic going back to the HQ) are directed through the MPLS interface, and the ping to 8.8.8.8 (internet) is going out the local internet breakout.



Note: Other applications on the Ubuntu device may also be generating internet traffic.

When you click **Continue** on the FortiFIED app, the MPLS network will be disabled to simulate a failure and cause the SD-WAN rule to fail over to the other link.

Index: 2.0 (i)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Verify the Failover

Points: 0

------ Objective Section ------

Objective Text:

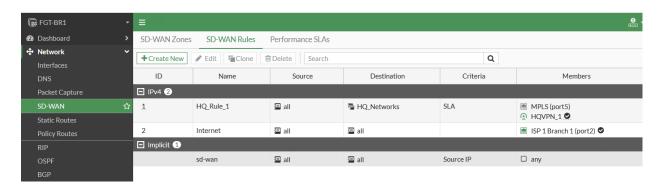
Verify the Failover

Background

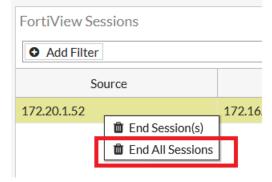
A failure in the MPLS line was simulated in order to see the SD-WAN automatically failover to the HQVPN_1 interface, which in this scenario, was acting as the backup to the MPLS lines

Task

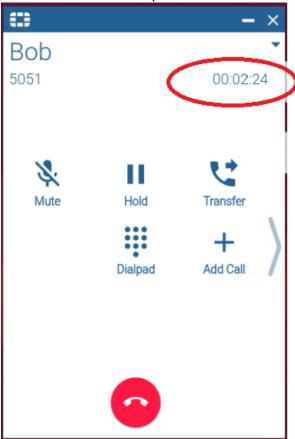
- 1. Return to the **FGT-BR1** browser tab.
- 2. Click Network > SD-WAN > SD-WAN Rules.



- Confirm that the rules are now directing traffic to HQ via the HQVPN_1 tunnel.
 Note: you may have to refresh the page
 - 4. Click Dashboard > FortiView Sessions.
 - 5. Right Click on any session, and select **End All Sessions**



- 6. Click OK.
- 7. Return to Carol's Workstation tab.
- 8. Open **Terminal** and ping **172.16.100.135**.
- 9. After a few pings, press Ctrl C and now ping 8.8.8.8.
- 10. Notice that the softphone is still connected.



- 11. Return to FGT-BR1 browser tab
- 12. Click Dashboard > FortiView Sessions.
- 13. Refresh the page. (button at top right)

 Note: You may need to reset the column headings.



14. Now traffic to HQ is going through the HQVPN_1 tunnel.

When you click Continue on the FortiFIED app, the MPLS network will be re-enabled and cause the SD-WAN rule to once again favor the MPLS link.

Index: 2.0 (j)

Use Case: Configure SD-WAN via FortiManager

Objective Title: Verify return to MPLS

Points: 0

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:

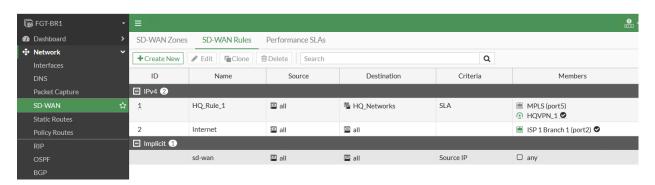
Verify the Return to MPLS

Background

In the previous objective, a failure in the MPLS line was simulated in order to see the SD-WAN automatically failover to the HQVPN_1 interface, which in this scenario, was acting as the backup to the MPLS lines. The MPLS link has now been fixed, and the SD-WAN rule will once again favor the MPLS link

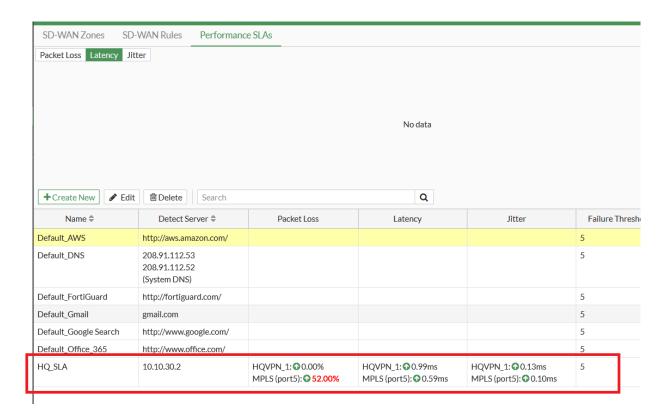
Task

- 1. Return to the **FGT-BR1** browser tab.
- 2. Click Network > SD-WAN > SD-WAN Rules.



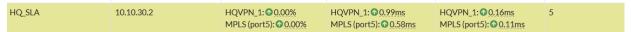
Note: that the rule still favors the HQVPN 1 link.

3. Click the Performance SLAs tab.

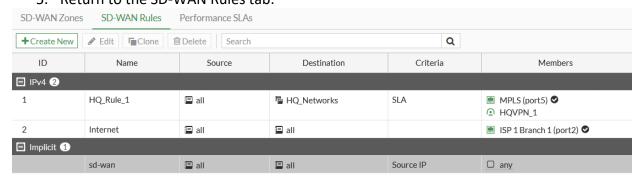


As you can see in the screenshot above, the MPLS link doesn't yet meet the SLA thresholds.

4. Refresh the browser page every few seconds until the MPLS link meets the SLA requirements.



5. Return to the SD-WAN Rules tab.



Note that the MPLS link is now the favored link again.

Index: 3.0
Use Case: Conclusion
Objective Title: End of Session
Points: 0

----- Objective Section -----

Objective Text:



You have successfully completed the SD-WAN Hands-On Lab

Thank You

To get more information on this or other Fortinet solutions, please consider looking at **Fortinet's NSE** training.